

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3
4 typedef int ElemType;
5
6 typedef struct LNode
7 {
8     ElemType data;
9     LNode *next;
10 }LNode, *LinkList;
11
12 enum Status
13 {
14     OVERFLOW = -1,
15     ERROR = 0,
16     OK = 1
17 };
18
19 //函数声明
20 LinkList CreateList_L(int n);
21 Status ListInsert_L(LinkList &L, int i, LNode* &q);
22 Status ListDelet_L(LinkList &L, int i, LNode *&q);
23 Status Reverse_L(LinkList &L);
24 Status Divide_L(LinkList &La, LinkList &Lb);
25 Status Connect_L(LinkList &La, LinkList &Lb);
26 void Print_L(LinkList &L);
27 void Destroy_L(LinkList &L);
28
29 int main()
30 {
31     int n;
32     char chos;
33     LinkList La;
34     LinkList Lb;
35
36     printf("You will creat a linked list(La) first\n");
37     printf("How many elements in La: ");
38     scanf_s("%d", &n);
39     printf("Please input %d integer numbers(inverted sequence): \n", n);
40     La = CreateList_L(n);
41     Lb = CreateList_L(0);
42     printf("Congratulations! La has been created:\nLa: ");
43     Print_L(La);
44     while(1)
45     {
46         printf("1.Reverse La\n2.Divide La to La&Lb\n3.Connect La&Lb to La\n4.Exit ↗\n");
47         printf("So choose what you want to do now: ");
48         scanf_s("%c", &chos);
```

```
49     while(chos == 10)
50     {
51         scanf_s("%c", &chos);
52     }
53
54     switch(chos)
55     {
56         case '1':
57             {
58                 Reverse_L(La);
59             }break;
60         case '2':
61             {
62                 Divide_L(La, Lb);
63             }break;
64         case '3':
65             {
66                 Connect_L(La, Lb);
67             }break;
68         case '4':
69             {
70                 Destroy_L(La);
71                 Destroy_L(Lb);
72                 exit(0);
73             }break;
74         default:
75             {
76                 printf("Error!\n");
77             }break;
78     }
79     putchar(10);
80 }
81 system("pause");
82 return 0;
83 }
84
85
86 // 逆位序输入n个元素的值, 建立带头结点的单链线性表L
87 LinkList CreateList_L(int n)
88 {
89     LNode *p;
90     LinkList L;
91
92     L=(LinkList)malloc(sizeof(LNode));
93     L->next=NULL;
94
95     for (int i=n; i>0; --i)
96     {
97         p=(LinkList)malloc(sizeof(LNode));
```

```
198     scanf_s("%d",&p->data);
199     p->next=L->next; L->next=p;
200 }
201
202     return L;
203 }
204
205 // 在带头结点的单链线性表L中的第i个位置之前插入结点q
206 Status ListInsert_L(LinkList &L, int i, LNode* &q)
207 {
208     LinkList p = L;
209     int count = 0;
210
211     //p指向第i-1个位置
212     while (p && count <i-1)
213     {
214         p = p->next;
215         ++count;
216     }
217     if (!p || count>i-1)
218     {
219         return ERROR;
220     }
221
222     q->next = p->next;
223     p->next = q;
224
225     return OK;
226 }
227
228 //在带头结点的单链表中删除第i个结点,用指针q返回删除的结点
229 Status ListDelet_L(LinkList &L, int i, LNode* &q)
230 {
231     LNode *p = L;
232     int count = 0;
233     while (p->next && count<i-1)
234     {
235         p = p->next;
236         ++count;
237     }
238     if (!(p->next) || count>i-1)
239     {
240         q = NULL;
241         return ERROR;
242     }
243
244     q = p->next;
245     p->next = q->next;
246
```

```
147     return OK;
148 }
149
150 //倒置链表
151 Status Reverse_L(LinkList &L)
152 {
153     if(!L->next)
154     {
155         printf("There is no element in La!\n");
156         return ERROR;
157     }
158
159     LNode *p, *q;
160     p = L->next->next;
161     L->next->next = NULL;
162
163     while(p)
164     {
165         q = p;
166         p = p->next;
167         q->next = L->next;
168         L->next = q;
169     }
170     printf("La has been reversed:\n");
171     printf("La: ");
172     Print_L(L);
173
174     return OK;
175 }
176
177 Status Divide_L(LinkList &La, LinkList &Lb)
178 {
179     if (Lb->next)
180     {
181         printf("Lb must be a empty list!\n");
182         return ERROR;
183     }
184
185     printf("La: ");
186     Print_L(La);
187     putchar(10);
188
189     LNode *p = La->next;
190     LNode *q = NULL;
191     int count = 2;
192
193     while (p)
194     {
195         ListDelet_L(La, count, q);
```

```
196     if(q) ListInsert_L(Lb, count-1, q);
197
198     ++count;
199     p = p->next;
200 }
201
202 printf("The La have been Divided:\n");
203 printf("La: ");
204 Print_L(La);
205 printf("Lb: ");
206 Print_L(Lb);
207
208 return OK;
209 }
210
211 Status Connect_L(LinkList &La, LinkList &Lb)
212 {
213     if (!Lb->next)
214     {
215         printf("Lb is a empty list!\n");
216         return ERROR;
217     }
218
219     LNode *p = La;
220     while(p->next)
221     {
222         p = p->next;
223     }
224
225     p->next = Lb->next;
226     Lb->next = NULL;
227
228     printf("La&Lb has been connected:");
229     printf("La: ");
230     Print_L(La);
231
232     return OK;
233 }
234
235 void Print_L(LinkList &L)
236 {
237     LNode *p = L;
238     p = p->next;
239
240     while(p)
241     {
242         printf("%d ",p->data);
243         p = p->next;
244     }
```

```
245     putchar(10);
246 }
247
248 void Destroy_L(LinkList &L)
249 {
250     LNode *p, *q;
251     p = L;
252     q = L->next;
253     while(q)
254     {
255         free(p);
256         p = q;
257         q = q->next;
258     }
259     free(p);
260 }
```